

SIGNATURE

RING'S END, INC. CONSUMER CREDIT **APPLICATION & PERSONAL GUARANTEE**

APPLICATION SHOULD BE COMPLETED IN BLUE INK

For Office Use Only Account Code: Opened By:

CONSUMER	CREDIT	APPLICATION	*Indicates required fields
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*NAME (FIRST)	(MIDDLE)		(LAST)			
*BILLING ADDRESS (NUMBER AND STRE		(APT, SUITE, OR UNIT)				
*CITY			*STATE	*ZIP CO	DE	
*PRIMARY TELEPHONE EXT.	IS MOBILE? ☐ Yes ☐ No	*E-MAIL ADDRESS				
*I WOULD LIKE TO RECEIVE INVOICES VI (Choose One):		ach you, please add <u>webn</u>	naster@ringsend.com t	o your safe sen	ders list.	
*I WOULD LIKE ACCOUNT ACCESS ON R (Choose One): ☐ Yes ☐ No	APPLICANT'S PREFERRED STORE (Please specify):					
TRADE CREDIT LIMIT DESIRED:		*ARE YOU PLANNING		ON?		
NEW CONSTRUCTION PROPERTY TITLE	(Choose One): ☐ Yes ☐ No IF JOINTLY OWN, WITH WHOM? (FULL NAME)					
ADDRESS OF (NUMBER AND ST NEW CONSTRUCTION:	REET) (BLOCK AND LOT	#) (CITY)	(S	STATE)	(ZIP CODE)	
understand that Ring's End, Inc. and any of its purpose of an update, renewal, extension of cr The information contained within this application	edit, review or collection of this accor	unt.	·	-		
We, the undersigned, understand that all bills with Finance Charge which is computed by a "Per					ue accounts are subject to a	
In the event the account opened hereunder be- part, and whether legal proceedings are institu- lnc. and any of its subsidiary companies in coll	ed or not, the undersigned, jointly ar	nd severally if more than o	ne, agree(s) to pay all	costs and expen		
The undersigned, jointly and severally if mo above account and waives any defense based hearing under Section 52-278a and 52-278f of any of its subsidiary companies may desire to concerning rights to dispute billing errors. (If property is held jointly, all owners are require	re than one, personally and uncor on suretyship or impairment of collai the Connecticut General Statutes wi use (in any suit or action to enforce the	nditionally guarantee(s) teral. Each of the undersignth respect to any attachments	the timely payment of ned acknowledge here ent or any other prejude	all amounts ow by waives his or gment remedy w	her right to a notice or hich Ring's End, Inc. and	
DRIVER'S LICENSE NUMBER & STATE	DRIVER'S LICENSE NUMBER & STATE	DRIVER'S LICENS	E NUMBER & STATE	DRIVER'S L	ICENSE NUMBER & STATE	
SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER	SOCIAL SEC	URITY NUMBER	SOCIA	L SECURITY NUMBER	

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Notice Concerning the Correction of Billing Records

The Federal Truth in Lending Act requires prompt correction of billing mistakes.

- 1. If you want to preserve your rights under the Act, here's what to do if you think your bill is wrong or if you need more information about an item on your bill:
 - Do not write on the bill. On a separate sheet of paper, write the following:
 - i. Your Name and Account Number (if any).
 - ii. A description of the error and explanation (to the extent you can explain) why you believe it is an error. If you need more information, explain the item you are not sure about and, if you wish, ask for evidence of the charge such as a copy of the charge slip. Do not send in your copy of the sales slip or other document unless you have a duplicate copy for your records.
 - ii. The dollar amount of the suspected error.
 - iv. Any other information (such as your address) which you think will help the creditor to identify you or the reason for your complaint or inquiry.
 - b. Send your billing error notice to the address on your bill which is listed after the words "Send Inquiries To:" or to the creditor's name and address. Mail it as soon as you can, but in any case, early enough to reach the creditor within 60 days after the bill was mailed to you.
- 2. The creditor must acknowledge all letters pointing out possible errors within 30 days of receipt, unless the creditor is able to correct your bill during those 30 days. Within 90 days after receiving your letter, the creditor must either correct the error or explain why the creditor believes the bill was correct. Once the creditor has explained the bill, the creditor has no further obligation to you even though you still believe that there is an error, except as provided in paragraph 5 below.
- 3. After the creditor has been notified neither the creditor nor an attorney nor a collection agency may send you collection letters or take other collection action with respect to the amount in dispute; but periodic statements may be sent to you, and the disputed amount can be applied against your credit limit. You cannot be threatened with damage to your credit rating or sued for the amount in question, nor can the disputed amount be reported to a credit bureau or to other creditors as delinquent until the creditor has answered your inquiry. However, you remain obligated to pay the parts of your bill not in dispute.
- 4. If it is determined that the creditor has made a mistake on your bill, you will not have to pay any finance charges on any disputed amount. If it turns out that the creditor has not made an error, you may have to pay finance charges on the amount in dispute; and you will have to make up any missed minimum or required payments on the disputed amount. Unless you have agreed that your bill was correct the creditor must send you a written notification of what you owe; and if it is determined that the creditor did make a mistake in billing the disputed amount, you must be given the time to pay which you normally are given to pay undisputed amounts before any more finance charges or late payment charges on the disputed amount can be charged to you.
- 5. If the creditors explanation does not satisfy you and you notify the creditor in writing within 10 days after you receive his explanation that you still refuse to pay the disputed amount, the creditor may report you to credit bureaus and other creditors may pursue regular collection procedures, but the creditor must also report that you think you do not owe the money, and the creditor must let you know to whom such reports were made. Once the matter has been settled between you and the creditor, the creditor must notify those whom the creditor reported you as delinquent of the subsequent resolution.
- 6. If the creditor does not follow these rules, the creditor is not allowed to collect the first \$50 of the disputed amount and finance charges, even if the bill turns out to be correct.
- 7. If you have a problem with property or services purchased with a credit card, you may have the right not to pay the remaining amount due on them, if you first try in good faith to return them or give the merchant a chance to correct the problem. There are two limitations on this right:
 - a. You must have bought them in your home state or if not your home state within 100 miles of your current mailing address; and
 - b. The purchase price must have been more than \$50. However, these limitations do not apply if the merchant is owned and operated by the creditor or if the creditor mailed you the advertisement for the property or services.